

Substitute Bill No. 5560

	Februar	y Session	, 2016
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HB05560B <i>f</i>	<u> </u>)3171	6	,

AN ACT CONCERNING PERSONAL INFORMATION, SECURITY FREEZES ON CHILDREN'S CREDIT REPORTS, REPORTING OF UNAUTHORIZED SIGNATURES OR ALTERATIONS BY BANKS, MONTHLY DEBIT CARD CHARGES AND POSSESSIONS IN REPOSSESSED VEHICLES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2016) Any person who
- 2 conducts business in this state and who, in the ordinary course of such
- 3 person's business, owns, licenses or maintains computerized data that
- 4 includes credit and debit card information shall remove such credit
- 5 and debit card information upon the request of a customer who no
- 6 longer wishes to engage in business with such person.
- 7 Sec. 2. Section 36a-701 of the 2016 supplement to the general statutes
- 8 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 9 October 1, 2016):
- As used in this section and section 36a-701a, as amended by this act:
- 11 (1) "Consumer" means any person who is utilizing or seeking credit
- 12 for personal, family or household purposes;
- 13 (2) "Credit rating agency" means credit rating agency, as defined in section 36a-695;

- 15 (3) "Credit report" means credit report, as defined in section 36a-695;
- 16 (4) "Creditor" means creditor, as defined in section 36a-695;
- 17 (5) "Minor child" means an individual under [eighteen] <u>sixteen</u> years 18 of age at the time a request for placement of a security freeze is 19 submitted;
 - (6) "Security freeze" means a notice placed in a consumer's credit report, at the request of the consumer, that prohibits the credit rating agency from releasing the consumer's credit report or any information from it without the express authorization of the consumer. In the case of a minor child under subsections (j) and (k) of section 36a-701a, as amended by this act, "security freeze" means (A) a restriction that is placed on the minor child's credit report prohibiting the credit rating agency from releasing the minor child's credit report, provided a credit rating agency has information in its files pertaining to such minor child; or (B) a restriction that is placed on the minor child's record prohibiting the credit rating agency from releasing the minor child's record, provided a credit rating agency does not have any information in its files pertaining to such minor child; and
 - (7) "Sufficient proof of authority" means documentation showing that a parent or legal guardian has authority to act on behalf of a minor child, including, but not limited to, a court order, an original copy of the minor child's birth certificate or a written notarized statement expressly describing the authority of the parent or legal guardian to act on behalf of the minor child that is signed by the parent or legal guardian and acknowledged, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 6, by (A) a judge of a court of record or a family support magistrate, (B) a clerk or deputy clerk of a court having a seal, (C) a town clerk, (D) a notary public, (E) a justice of the peace, or (F) an attorney admitted to the bar of this state.
- Sec. 3. Section 36a-701a of the 2016 supplement to the general

statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2016*):

- (a) Any consumer may submit a written request, by certified mail or such other secure method as authorized by a credit rating agency, to a credit rating agency to place a security freeze on such consumer's credit report. Such credit rating agency shall place a security freeze on a consumer's credit report not later than five business days after receipt of such request. Not later than ten business days after placing a security freeze on a consumer's credit report, such credit rating agency shall send a written confirmation of such security freeze to such consumer that provides the consumer with a unique personal identification number or password to be used by the consumer when providing authorization for the release of such consumer's report to a third party or for a period of time. In the case of a minor child, a credit rating agency shall not provide a unique personal identification number or password when placing a security freeze on such minor child's credit report.
- (b) In the event such consumer wishes to authorize the disclosure of such consumer's credit report to a third party, or for a period of time, while such security freeze is in effect, such consumer shall contact such credit rating agency and provide: (1) Proper identification, (2) the unique personal identification number or password described in subsection (a) of this section, and (3) proper information regarding the third party who is to receive the credit report or the time period for which the credit report shall be available. Any credit rating agency that receives a request from a consumer pursuant to this section shall lift such security freeze not later than three business days after receipt of such request. This subsection shall not apply to a security freeze applied on behalf of a minor child.
- (c) Except for the temporary lifting of a security freeze as provided in subsection (b) of this section, any security freeze authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section shall remain in effect until such time as such consumer requests such security freeze to be

- removed. A credit rating agency shall remove such security freeze not later than three business days after receipt of such request provided such consumer provides proper identification to such credit rating agency and the unique personal identification number or password described in subsection (a) of this section at the time of such request for removal of the security freeze. In the case of a minor child, the credit rating agency shall remove such security freeze not later than fifteen business days after receipt of such request.
 - (d) Any credit rating agency may develop procedures to receive and process such request from a consumer to temporarily lift or remove a security freeze on a credit report pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. Such procedures, at a minimum, shall include, but not be limited to, the ability of a consumer to send such temporary lift or removal request by electronic mail, letter or facsimile.
 - (e) In the event that a third party requests access to a consumer's credit report that has such a security freeze in place and such third party request is made in connection with an application for credit or any other use and such consumer has not authorized the disclosure of such consumer's credit report to such third party, such third party may deem such credit application as incomplete.
 - (f) Any credit rating agency may refuse to implement or may remove such security freeze if such agency believes, in good faith, that: (1) The request for a security freeze was made as part of a fraud that the consumer participated in, had knowledge of, or that can be demonstrated by circumstantial evidence, or (2) the consumer credit report was frozen due to a material misrepresentation of fact by the consumer. In the event any such credit rating agency refuses to implement or removes a security freeze pursuant to this subsection, such credit rating agency shall promptly notify such consumer in writing of such refusal not later than five business days after such refusal or, in the case of a removal of a security freeze, prior to removing the freeze on the consumer's credit report.

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit disclosure of a consumer's credit report to: (1) A person, or the person's subsidiary, affiliate, agent or assignee with which the consumer has or, prior to assignment, had an account, contract or debtor-creditor relationship for the purpose of reviewing the account or collecting the financial obligation owing for the account, contract or debt; (2) a subsidiary, affiliate, agent, assignee or prospective assignee of a person to whom access has been granted under subsection (b) of this section for the purpose of facilitating the extension of credit or other permissible use; (3) any person acting pursuant to a court order, warrant or subpoena; (4) any person for the purpose of using such credit information to prescreen as provided by the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act; (5) any person for the sole purpose of providing a credit file monitoring subscription service to which the consumer has subscribed; (6) a credit rating agency for the sole purpose of providing a consumer with a copy of his or her credit report upon the consumer's request; or (7) a federal, state or local governmental entity, including a law enforcement agency, or court, or their agents or assignees pursuant to their statutory or regulatory duties. For purposes of this subsection, "reviewing the account" includes activities related to account maintenance, monitoring, credit line increases and account upgrades and enhancements.

(h) The following persons shall not be required to place a security freeze on a consumer's credit report, provided such persons shall be subject to any security freeze placed on a credit report by another credit rating agency: (1) A check services or fraud prevention services company that reports on incidents of fraud or issues authorizations for the purpose of approving or processing negotiable instruments, electronic fund transfers or similar methods of payment; (2) a deposit account information service company that issues reports regarding account closures due to fraud, substantial overdrafts, automated teller machine abuse, or similar information regarding a consumer to inquiring banks or other financial institutions for use only in reviewing a consumer request for a deposit account at the inquiring bank or

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- financial institution; or (3) a credit rating agency that: (A) Acts only to resell credit information by assembling and merging information contained in a database of one or more credit reporting agencies; and (B) does not maintain a permanent database of credit information from which new credit reports are produced.
 - (i) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a credit rating agency may charge a fee of not more than ten dollars to a consumer for each security freeze, removal of such freeze or temporary lift of such freeze for a period of time, and a fee of not more than twelve dollars for a temporary lift of such freeze for a specific party.
 - (2) A credit rating agency shall not charge the fees authorized by subdivision (1) of this subsection to: (A) A victim of identity theft or the spouse of any victim of identity theft, who has submitted a copy of a police report prepared pursuant to section 54-1n to the credit rating agency; (B) any person who is covered under the victim of identity theft's individual or group health insurance policy providing coverage of the type specified in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), (11) and (12) of section 38a-469, who has submitted a copy of a police report prepared pursuant to section 54-1n to the credit rating agency; (C) a person sixty-two years of age or older; (D) a person under eighteen years of age; (E) a person for whom a guardian or conservator has been appointed by a court; and (F) a victim of domestic violence, as defined in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 17b-112a, who has provided evidence of such domestic violence as specified in subsection (b) of section 17b-112a to the credit rating agency. No credit rating agency shall charge a fee to a consumer for a replacement personal identification number when such replacement is the first one requested by the consumer.
 - (j) The parent or legal guardian of a minor child may place a security freeze on the credit report of a minor child by submitting a written request to the credit rating agency in the manner described in this section and subject to the same conditions and by providing the credit rating agency with proper identification and sufficient proof of

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authority to act on behalf of the minor child. The credit rating agency shall place the security freeze on the credit report of a minor child not later than five business days after receipt of such request. If the credit rating agency does not have any information in its files pertaining to the minor child at the time the credit rating agency receives a request pursuant to this subsection, the credit rating agency shall create a record for the minor child and place a security freeze on such record. Such record shall consist of a compilation of information created by a credit rating agency that identifies a minor child. A credit rating agency shall not create or use such record to consider the minor child's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics or mode of living. A credit rating agency shall not release a minor child's credit report, any information derived from a minor child's credit report or any record created for a minor child.

- (k) The parent or legal guardian of a minor child may request the removal of a security freeze placed on the credit report or record of a minor child by submitting a written request to the credit rating agency in the manner described in this section and subject to the same conditions and by providing the credit rating agency with proper identification and sufficient proof of authority to act on behalf of the minor child. The credit rating agency shall remove the security freeze on the credit report or record of a minor child not later than fifteen business days after receipt of such request.
- (l) An insurer, as defined in section 38a-1, may deny an application for insurance if an applicant has placed a security freeze on such applicant's credit report and fails to authorize the disclosure of such applicant's credit report to such insurer pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section.
- Sec. 4. Subsection (f) of section 42a-4-406 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2016*):

- (f) Without regard to care or lack of care of either the customer or the bank, a customer who does not [within] on or before one year after the statement or items are made available to the customer pursuant to subsection (a) of this section discover and report the customer's unauthorized signature on or any alteration on the item is precluded from asserting against the bank the unauthorized signature or alteration. If there is a preclusion under this subsection, the payor bank may not recover for breach of warranty under section 42a-4-208 with respect to the unauthorized signature or alteration to which the preclusion applies. A bank and a customer may agree to reduce the one-year time frame for discovering and reporting an unauthorized signature or alteration, provided such an agreement would not (1) constitute a disclaimer of the bank's responsibility to act in good faith and to exercise ordinary care under subsection (a) of section 42a-4-103, or (2) otherwise limit the measure of damages for lack of good faith or failure to exercise ordinary care on the part of the bank.
- Sec. 5. Section 42-460a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2016*):
 - (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "General-use prepaid card" has the same meaning given to that term in 12 CFR 1005.20(a)(3), as from time to time amended, but shall not include a linked prepaid card or any card, code or other device identified in 12 CFR 1005.20(b); and
 - (2) "Linked prepaid card" means a general-use prepaid card that enables the purchaser of or individual who increases or reloads funds onto the card, code or device (A) to receive back the remaining unexpended balance and the accrued interest earned on the unexpended balance on such card, code or device as of the date of expiration of such card, code or device by way of a financial account that is linked to the card, code or device; (B) to set the expiration date on such card, code or device at not less than ninety days from the date of purchase of or increasing or reloading of funds onto such card, code

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or device, for the purpose of receiving back the unexpended balance and accrued interest earned on the unexpended balance on such card, code or device in an expedited manner; and (C) to transfer the unexpended balance on such card, code or device to a bank offering a higher yield on and full insurance from the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for the transferred balance until the consumer or recipient of such card, code or device utilizes the unexpended balance or until the date of expiration on such card, code or device has passed, provided such purchaser or individual has a financial account that is linked to such card, code or device.

(b) A general-use prepaid card shall not include an expiration date relative to the underlying funds that are redeemable through the use of the applicable card, code or device. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a general-use prepaid card may include an expiration date with regard to such card, code or device, provided: (1) The following disclosures are made, in writing, on such card, code or device [: (A) That] and any packaging material related to such card, code or device: (A) A statement, displayed with equal prominence and in close proximity to the expiration date, that such card, code or device expires, but that the underlying funds do not expire and that the consumer may contact the issuer for a replacement card, code or device; (B) a toll-free telephone number and an Internet web site address, if one is maintained, that a holder of a general-use prepaid card may use to obtain a comprehensive list of all charges, fees and expenses to be borne by the holder of such card; and [(B)] (C) a toll-free telephone number and an Internet web site address, if one is maintained, that a holder of a general-use prepaid card may use to obtain a replacement card, code or device after such card, code or device expires, provided the remaining balance is not otherwise returned to the holder; (2) no fee or charge is imposed on such holder for replacing the card, code or device or for providing such holder with the remaining balance in some other manner, provided the card, code or device has not been lost or stolen; and (3) the seller of the card, code or device has established policies and procedures to provide

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consumers a reasonable opportunity to purchase a card, code or device that has not less than five years remaining until the card, code or device expires.

(c) A linked prepaid card shall not include an expiration date relative to the underlying funds that are redeemable through the use of the applicable card, code or device. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a linked prepaid card may include an expiration date with regard to such card, code or device, including an expiration date contemplated by subparagraph (B) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, provided: (1) The following disclosures are made, in writing, on such card, code or device [: (A) That] and any packaging material related to such card, code or device: (A) A statement, disclosed with equal prominence and in close proximity to the expiration date, that such card, code or device expires, but that the underlying funds do not expire, provided the purchaser of or individual who increases or reloads funds onto such card, code or device has not set an expiration date in accordance with said subparagraph (B), and that the consumer may contact the issuer for a replacement card, code or device; (B) a toll-free telephone number and an Internet web site address, if one is maintained, that a holder of a linked prepaid card may use to obtain a comprehensive list of all charges, fees and expenses to be borne by the holder of such card; and [(B)] (C) a toll-free telephone number and an Internet web site address, if one is maintained, that a holder of a general-use prepaid card may use to obtain a replacement card, code or device after such card, code or device expires, provided the purchaser of or individual who increases or reloads funds onto such card, code or device has not set an expiration date in accordance with said subparagraph (B); (2) no fee or charge is imposed on such holder for replacing the card, code or device or providing such holder with the remaining balance in some other manner, provided the card, code or device has not been lost or stolen or, if an expiration date has been set in accordance with said subparagraph (B), expired; (3) no fee or charge is imposed on the purchaser of or individual who increases or reloads funds onto the

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card, code or device for replacing the card, code or device or providing such purchaser or individual with the unexpended balance in some other manner, provided the card, code or device has not been lost or stolen; and (4) the seller of the card, code or device has established policies and procedures to provide consumers a reasonable opportunity to purchase a card, code or device that has not less than five years remaining until the card, code or device expires, unless the purchaser of or individual who increases or reloads funds onto such card, code or device has a financial account that is linked to such card, code or device and sets an expiration date on such card, code or device at not less than ninety days from the date of purchase or increasing or reloading at which time the unexpended balance and any accrued interest on the unexpended balance on such card, code or device shall be transferred to such financial account.

- (d) For purposes of complying with the disclosure requirements of subdivision (1) of subsections (b) and (c) of this section, [(1)] the issuer of a general-use prepaid card or a linked prepaid card may provide disclosures that are consistent with the applicable provisions of 12 CFR 1005.20(e), as from time to time amended. [, and (2) such issuer shall make the disclosure required under subparagraph (A) of subdivision (1) of subsections (b) and (c) of this section with equal prominence and in close proximity to the expiration date on the applicable card, code or device.]
- Sec. 6. Subsections (b) and (c) of section 36a-785 of the 2016 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2016*):
- (b) Not less than ten days prior to the retaking, the holder of such contract, if he so desires, may serve upon the retail buyer, personally or by registered or certified mail, a notice of intention to retake the goods on account of the buyer's default. The notice shall state the default and the period at the end of which such goods will be retaken, and shall briefly and clearly state what the retail buyer's rights under this subsection will be in case such goods are retaken. In the case of

343 repossession of any motor vehicle, the notice shall inform the retail 344 buyer that he or she is responsible for removing all of his or her 345 personal property from the motor vehicle prior to the date of such 346 repossession. If the notice is so served and the buyer does not perform 347 the conditions and provisions as to which he or she is in default before 348 the day set for retaking, the holder of the contract may retake said goods and hold such subject to the provisions of subsections (d), (e), 349 350 (f), (g) and (h) of this section regarding resale, but without any right of 351 redemption.

(c) If the holder of such contract does not give the notice of intention to retake, described in subsection (b), he shall retain such goods for fifteen days after the retaking within the state in which they were located when retaken. During such period the retail buyer, upon payment or tender of the unaccelerated amount due under such contract at the time of retaking and interest, or upon performance or tender of performance of such other condition as may be named in such contract as precedent to the retail buyer's continued possession of such goods, or upon performance or tender of performance of any other promise for the breach of which such goods were retaken, and upon payment of the actual and reasonable expenses of any retaking and storing, may redeem such goods and become entitled to take possession of the same and to continue in the performance of such contract as if no default had occurred. The holder of such contract shall [within three days] not later than three days after the date of the retaking furnish or mail, by registered or certified mail, to the last known address of the buyer a written statement [of] indicating (1) the unaccelerated sum due under such contract and the actual and reasonable expense of any retaking and storing, and (2) in the case of repossession of any motor vehicle, (A) that the buyer is responsible for removing all of his or her personal property from the motor vehicle, at no cost to the buyer, not later than fifteen days after the date on which the motor vehicle was repossessed, and (B) the date on which the motor vehicle can be accessed for the removal of such property. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to limit the rights a retail

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buyer otherwise might have to remove personal property from the motor vehicle. For failure to furnish or mail such statement as required by this section, the holder of the contract shall forfeit the right to claim payment for the actual and reasonable expenses of retaking and storage, and also shall be liable for the actual damages suffered because of such failure. If such goods are perishable so that retention for fifteen days as herein prescribed would result in their destruction or substantial injury, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply and the holder of the contract may resell the goods immediately upon such retaking.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:				
Section 1	October 1, 2016	New section		
Sec. 2	October 1, 2016	36a-701		
Sec. 3	October 1, 2016	36a-701a		
Sec. 4	October 1, 2016	42a-4-406(f)		
Sec. 5	October 1, 2016	42-460a		
Sec. 6	October 1, 2016	36a-785(b) and (c)		

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In Section 3, "on such minor child's credit report" was added for clarity, in Section 4(f), "within" was bracketed and after the closing bracket "on or before" was inserted for consistency with standard drafting conventions, in Section 6, "or she" was added for consistency with standard drafting conventions and in Section 6(c) "within three days" was bracketed and after the closing bracket "not later than three days after the date" was inserted for consistency.

BA Joint Favorable Subst.

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